

THE GLEICHEN CALL

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OLD TIMERS' BANQUET AND DANCE FINE SOCIAL EVENT

The Board of Trade are to be again congratulated on its efforts in entertaining the Old Timers. While there were a few less at the dance than in 1936 the attendance at the banquet was considerably higher. Approximately 200 sat down to the dinner and the program, which was fifty more than last year. James Black as president of the Board of Trade acted as chairman and handled the cowl.

Among the distinguished guests at the head table was Mr. Fred Mayhew, the guest speaker. Messrs. Harold Riley, Turner Bone, John Irwin and Hines, all members of the South Alberta Pioneers and Old Timers Association, Calgary. David Wilson, president of the Gleichen District Old Timers Association and Mr. G. H. Blackstock of Medicine Hat. There were also 65 members of the Gleichen Old Timers Association present.

The assisting artists were all from Strathmore and they presented an excellent program which was thoroughly appreciated by the audience.

Mr. Mayhew as guest speaker confined his remarks to the Old Timers while David Wilson thanked the Board of Trade on behalf of the Gleichen Old Timers and Harold Riley brought a message from the South Alberta Old Timers Association. Mr. W. Oaker on behalf of the members of the Canadian Legion expressed his appreciation for the invitation to the banquet, while Mr. Blackstock addressed the gathering in a pleasing manner.

The musical program was as follows:

Duet "Down the Nile," and "When you Come Home," Miss Folk and Mr. Leslie Hand.
Violin solo, "Danny Boy" and "Gloes Devon," Rev. Mr. Lang.
"Come to the Fair," Mr. L. Hand.
Solo, "The Little Brown Owl," and "Shorten Bread," Miss Folk.
Comic song, "The Flu" and "The Wedding of Jean MacFarlane," Mr. G. H. Patrick.

Immediately after the banquet program about 400 guests enjoyed the dance until 1:30 to the music supplied by the Brenner Orchestra.

NOTES OF THE DANCE

The Rosebud district as usual had the largest delegation of old timers on hand. They state they always have a good time at the dance and will be on deck again next year.

Credit is due to Mr. Black for the excellent program given at the banquet. Also credit is due to Mr. Lou Michael, who supervised the decorations of the hall, and his ability in the capacity of floor manager.

There were people at the dance from as far south as Lethbridge, Medicine Hat in the east, Drumheller in the north and Cochrane in the west. Did the visitors have a good time? Ask them.

The Catholic ladies served an excellent supper for the banquet. The tables were centred with flowers and illuminated with candles. With the colored overhead lights a festive atmosphere was added to the scene.

Brenner's Orchestra was usual as up to its high standard and once started kept the dance going until 1:30 without a pause.

GLEICHEN UNITED CHURCH

Rev. J. N. Wilkinson, Minister.
Mrs. H. Birch, choir leader.
Miss Jean MacFarlane, pianist.
11 a.m. Church School.
7:30 p.m. Divine Worship Subject: "The righteousness that exceeds."

We are almost daily facing the following question: "As far as one can see there is no distinction between people who profess to be Christians and many others who make no such profession. They both live the same kind of life, do the same things, indulge in much the same practices whether they are right or wrong. Is there any difference and if so in what does it consist?"

A sincere attempt will be made to answer the above question.

REPORT OF ANNUAL MEETING OF OLD TIMERS' ASSOC.

The Old Timers' Association held their annual meeting in the afternoon. The secretary read a resolution from the Southern Alberta Pioneers Association protesting the cancelling of the existing agreement between the federal and provincial governments relating to the policing of the province by the R.C.M.P. The meeting resolved that the Old Timers Association strongly protest any action by the provincial government of Alberta whereby the services of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police force in the administration and enforcement of law and order within the province should be dispensed with, and we would with equal emphasis recommend that the existing agreement between the federal and provincial governments be renewed and extended.

The meeting unanimously expressed the view that some effort should be made whereby the Old Timers of the district should join the Association as the paid up membership is very small considering the number of Old Timers who attend the meeting each year. It is the desire of the Association to have every eligible Old Timer a member of the organization.

It was decided that those present should act as a committee to collect data. Thanks was expressed to the Board of Trade for the assistance given during the past five years in making the gathering such a success.

It was decided to appoint a committee to interview the Board of Trade before the next annual meeting, regarding the invitation list. It was suggested that when the invitation was issued next year that a letter be enclosed from the Association stating the relationship between the Board of Trade and the association regarding the benefits. The membership fee is \$1.00 per year.

Election of officers resulted as follows:

Hon. Pres. David Wilson.
President, Harry Scott.
1st Vice-President, Duncan McBean.
2nd Vice-President, Wm. Service.
3rd Vice-President, W. W. Brown.
Sec-Treas. S. E. Dafe.
Executive committee: D. Clark, W. James, Fred Jones, John Martin, Alf Vigar, W. James, Sr., Jas. McBean, Mrs. L. Clark, McBean, Mrs. D. Clark.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT

By H. G. L. Stange, Director of "Crop Testing Plan."

The high tariff protection given to industry in the United States, now it appears places the Government in a most difficult position.

Agricultural exports, for one hundred years or more, formed the solid foundations of American prosperity. Then industry began to expand, and industrial and labor leaders pressed for high tariff protection. This was granted by the Government and resulted naturally in a decline in the imports of foreign goods into the United States. The inevitable consequences then were that the prices of the things American farmers had to buy increased and the export sales of agricultural products declined; for these commodities could no longer be purchased as freely, or at the same good prices by other countries.

American farmers now justly complain, but the government can remedy the situation only by lowering the high tariffs—against which policy industry and labor violently protest—or by planning to reduce the production of agricultural commodities, which latter plan would definitely mean, on the whole, a lowering of the farmers' income, and so of the farming families' standard of living.

Governments can, it seems, by means of high tariffs, expand home industry and make it more profitable, but only at the expense of agriculture and by adding to the burdens of farming families.

Following factors have tended to make prices of farm products in Argentina. Rains interfere with Australian harvest. Italian wheat acreage may be smaller than year ago. Holland buys American corn. Estimates

TEXACO GARAGE DAMAGED BY FIRE SATURDAY

Fire, late Saturday afternoon in the Texaco garage, caused damage to the building and two cars undergoing repairs. Gasoline which escaped from a crack jug as it was about to be put in a vacuum tank caught fire from the heater, instantly the interior of the building was ablaze. Manager Jack Bell with E. Holland were working on the cars were trapped and could not open the doors so plunged headlong through the windows to the frozen ground some ten or twelve feet below. Both men suffered injuries. Holland burnt hand and face and dislocated ankle, while Bell received slight burns and a cracked wrist. Their friends marvel that no bones were broken considering the distances they fell to the ground. There is no doubt about it a record was broken from the time the fire started till the fire boys were on the job. Down the street A. Bogie saw the two men leap out of the window to safety, instantly he grasped the situation and raced for the fire hall and sounded the alarm. As the fire was confined to one room the brigade made short work of the fire.

OBITUARY

MRS. WALTER PLANTE

Mrs. Walter Plante passed away early Saturday morning in a Calgary hospital after a brief illness. Mrs. Plante was born in Putnam, Okla., 35 years ago and with her parents came to Gleichen in 1917 and has resided in the district since that time. She is survived by her husband, three young children, namely Eugene, Blanche and Gary; her father Albert Robinson, a sister Mrs. Hayes, a brother Albert of Gleichen. Funeral services were held in St. Victor's Church Tuesday morning, after which interment was made in the Catholic cemetery.

MRS. MARY DIDSBURY

Mrs. Mary Didsbury who came to Gleichen in 1883 died in Calgary Sunday at the age of 70 years. Mrs. Didsbury lived in Gleichen until about 1929 when fire destroyed the home. Her brother, J. E. Beaupre after which he moved to Calgary. She was married to Joseph Didsbury in Gleichen in 1883, the year her father, a contractor on the Canadian Pacific Railway opened a general store. Her husband with another mounted policeman was drowned in the Bow river some nine miles south east of Gleichen in 1913. She is survived by a daughter Mrs. J. Renaud of Calgary, a sister Mrs. Marshall and a brother, J. E. Beaupre of Calgary.

JOHN S. ROBERTS

Remembered by many Gleichen people of the older generation, Jack S. Roberts, who at one time was chief of police here died in Calgary last week. Of the several police Gleichen had Mr. Roberts was considered the best of them all, for with his tact he avoided many unpleasant incidents when citizens and others broke the law. When war broke out Mr. Roberts went with the 82nd Battalion from Gleichen. Later he was transferred to the 31st battalion as regimental sergeant-major. While in this unit he was awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal. He was born in England. After serving in the Boer War and as a policeman in South Africa came to Canada early in the century. During the years just before the Great War lived in Gleichen.

He is survived by his wife; two daughters and three sons. Under the auspices of the 31st battalion funeral services were conducted in Calgary.

of Poland's 1937 wheat, oats, barley and rye production below 1936. Argentine shipments buy back wheat sales. France buys Canadian wheat.

Following factors have tended to lower prices: Persistent decline in commodity and financial markets. Sino-Japanese war interferes with Canadian wheat and flour trade. 1937 Japanese wheat crop greatest ever produced. Prohibition of Argentine exports removed. Rains improve European crops. Poor European demand. Export record rice harvest in China while millet and soy beans almost record.

SHOPRITE STORE BROKEN INTO AND ROBBED

Using a crowbar of some kind to force open the front door of Shoprite Store, robbers gained admittance to the place sometime early Thursday morning. They stole some thousands of cigarettes, blankets, sweaters and other things to the extent of about \$500 and made their escape. Mr. Bond, the manager, discovered the theft upon opening the store for business that morning and immediately informed the police.

MRS. THOS. WILSON HOSTESS TO LADIES S. C. GROUP

The Meadowbrook Ladies Social Credit Group held their regular semi-monthly meeting last Thursday afternoon, the hostess being Mrs. Thomas Wilson.

Mrs. C. Nelson, the president, occupied the chair, and the roll call was answered by ten members. Current Events were read and old and new business discussed. A paper entitled "The Origin of Thanksgiving" was read by Mr. E. B. Hayes, after which Leslie Wilson gave a recitation. Miss Gladys Wilson sponsored a guessing contest, the prize going to Mrs. Claude Rouche.

The next meeting is scheduled to be held at the home of Mrs. Erford on December 9th at 8 p.m.

THE RAINFALL VARIATIONS IN PRAIRIE PROVINCES

Severe droughts have been experienced in recent years in the southern parts of the prairie provinces, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, with very adverse effects on crop yields. These conditions have aroused considerable interest in the climatic history of the prairies, especially as regards the amount of rainfall received in different years. On the basis of rainfall variations in the past, it is possible to estimate the likelihood of good years in the future, and of the recurrence of droughts.

Records of rainfall in the present drought areas do not extend further back than about 1885. For information on earlier rainfall conditions reference must be made to historical records, and to the evidence supplied by tree ring measurements and other similar observations. From such limited evidence as is available, it would seem that intermittent periods of drought were experienced throughout the Great Plains regions of the United States and Canada from about 1825 to 1860. It was during the latter part of this period that Captain Palliser made his explorations of the Canadian prairies, which led him to designate the southern areas as semi-arid desert, a description undoubtedly influenced by the prevailing climatic conditions. From 1865 to about 1885, rainfall conditions on the Great Plains seem to have been relatively good, a fact which had a favorable effect on the westward penetration of agriculture in the United States.

Another period of dry years, of which evidence may be found in early precipitation records, occurred throughout the Canadian prairies between 1885 and 1894, but as the acreage of land under cultivation on the prairies was much less in this period than at present, the adverse effects of drought were not nearly so noticeable. Moreover, as a vastly greater percentage of the land was under native grasses, soil drifting did not present a serious problem. Between 1895 and 1928 precipitation in the prairie provinces was usually sufficient for grain production. Variations of rainfall occurred in different districts, with occasional local droughts. Widespread droughts were experienced in 1915, and in the years 1917 to 1919 inclusive. The latter dry period caused considerable soil drifting in southern Alberta. On the whole, however, it will be seen that the period of greatest agricultural expansion in the Canadian prairies coincided with a period of favorable rainfall conditions.

The present sequence of dry years

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TOWN AND PROVINCE

In the southern parts of the prairie provinces commenced with abnormally low rainfall in 1928, but the full effect of drought was not felt until 1929 when sub-normal rainfall was again (Continued on another page)



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Japan In China

The atrocities committed, not only upon combatants but upon civilians — men and defenceless women and children alike by the Italians in the recent conquest of Ethiopia, and in the present day by the Japanese in an undeclared war of ruthlessness and horror with the Chinese as their victims, have aroused wide indignation and protest in the civilized countries of the world.

So widespread is this indignation over the atrociousness and ferocity of the Japanese onslaught in China that the rank and file of the people in such countries as Great Britain, the United States and Canada are searching their minds for feasible and effective steps which might reasonably be taken to bring to a speedy end the terrors of the Sino-Japanese conflict.

Doubtless if some effective measure could be devised to put a stop to this horrible slaughter of innocents in the Orient, without serious danger of precipitating another widespread world war in which their own countries would almost inevitably be involved, the people of these democratic countries would not be slow in urging their governments to take the necessary steps.

But there is real danger of a general debacle if one or two countries should attempt to impose measures which would be really effective in the Far East and it is this knowledge which makes the problem such a difficult one for Statesmen to handle. Undoubtedly the Japanese are fully aware of the complexities of the situation from the viewpoint of the democratic Occidentals and are taking full advantage of the situation.

In the meantime, people on this continent are doing what little they can to voice their righteous wrath and indignation by passing resolutions expressive of horror and indignation and by agreeing themselves to impose sanctions in a mild form by way of a boycott of Japanese goods, but the extent to which such measures can have a restraining influence on the conquering Japanese is open to doubt.

While Japan's proclaimed protest for invasion of Chinese territory is fear of the rise of Communism in a close neighboring country, the real reason is the necessity for finding sources of raw materials and creating markets for rapidly expanding industrialism in a country whose population is growing at the rate of a million a year. In a nutshell, commercial gain is the motive.

But as pointed out by R. T. Barrett in *The Fortnightly* of London, England, Japan could have achieved these objectives in China without embarking on a militaristic campaign of almost unparalleled ruthlessness if she had attempted to secure concessions through diplomatic channels. Stating that Japan had aroused admiration in China by her achievements, Mr. Barrett says that Japan "has many friends in the Republic and could obtain the mineral and railway concessions that she wants if she would abstain from military coercion and work upon the assumption of political equality between the two nations. She could even get, in due time, favorable tariff rates for her goods and be accepted as China's tutor. Her natural advantages in competing for the trade of China would make her commercially irresistible, once she had secured Chinese friendship."

Instead of choosing the civilized method of gaining her goal, however, Japan decided to wrest what she wants from the Chinese by barbaric methods and in so doing is earning for herself, not only the ill will of 400,000,000 Chinese with all that that may entail in the years to come, but the aversion of the people of many other countries of the world.

For the time being at least Japan's resort to arms appears to have brought success. She has already acquired control over a large slice of Chinese territory and her material gains to date is probably enough to put her on a par with the most powerful nations in the world. The mental attitude which permits the Japanese to make unprovoked war on a neighboring country and in the fashion in which it is being carried out will probably result in the widespread ill will which she is incurring in other parts of the world being regarded as of no account.

But there is another aspect to the indignation which has been aroused by Japanese aggression and methods in China that is at least encouraging and this is aptly pointed out by Brooks Atkinson, dramatic critic of the *New York Times*, who stated in a recent article in that newspaper that "the moral standards of internationalism have been steadily improving. Universal provoked conquest for gain is to-day universally condemned. In spite of prevalent forces of evil we are not living in a period that is spiritually dead. When there are no cries of 'shame', the time will have come for lamentation."

The Spirit Of Optimism

Having Confidence In Your Town Or City Is Important

The spirit of optimism goes a long way with all of us, says the *Guelph, Ont., Mercury*. To have confidence in the future of the city of your residence, of your Province, and of the nation is of vital importance. There is no room for the joy-killers in business or public life. A nation of pessimists cannot succeed in anything. This is the time to look forward to what shall be, with assurance that the future is largely what we make it, and that spirit will soon be reflected in all industry when it dominates our daily life.

Plants Imitate Stones

In dry sections of Africa, where no rain falls for a year or more at a time, tiny plants grow and thrive on the rocky, sun-parched soil. By imitating the stones, they are un-molested by birds and beasts. Even the color of the plants vary, always matching the particular type of surrounding rock.

Protect Food In War Time

British House Of Commons Told Of Plans For Safeguarding Food

Oliver Stanley, president of the House of Trade, told the House of Commons the plans for safeguarding and controlling the supply and distribution of foodstuffs in time of war "are being prepared by the food department of the Board of Trade in consultation with co-operation with representatives of food importers, manufacturers and distributors."

Mirrors coated with chromium and aluminum will catch invisible starlight in greater quantities than silvered ones, according to the discovery of two Cornell University physicists.

During summer months, husky steel workers are supplied with quantities of gumdrops and salt tablets; the salt is cooling and the sugar supplies extra energy.

During 1934, British railroads carried 64,000,000 passengers more than the preceding year.

British Coal Mining

Parliament To Put Through A Bill To Nationalize The Industry

The British Government made public the details of a bill to be submitted to Parliament to nationalize the British coal mining industry.

Under the bill's terms the Government will buy out the present private coal owners for \$66,450,000 (\$332,250,000) and all coal in Great Britain will pass into state ownership.

The bill provides for unification of coal royalties on a national basis by the establishment of a new coal commission, replacing the present coal mines reorganization commission.

Any new coal discoveries automatically will come under the control of the commission, which will attempt to reduce the number of coal undertakings and, subject to parliamentary approval, will have the authority to advance compulsory amalgamation schemes.

Machinery is to be set up for the hearing of consumers' complaints.

The work of assessing the compensation to be paid to individual coalowners out of the \$66,450,000 to be set aside for the purchase of royalties is expected to take until July 1, 1942, when ownership will become fully vested in the state.

Coalowners at present number 4,300, but many of their holdings have been worked out.

The coal problem has been outstanding for many years. Under the Baldwin Government the coalowners set \$150,000,000 as the price they demanded for their royalties, but they agreed to accept the findings of an arbitration board which was set up. The result was the \$66,450,000 figure.

There were many protests against the board's findings. Many hereditary fortunes, such as those of the Duke of Hamilton and the Marquess of Bute, are founded on coal holdings, and the Church of England has been receiving \$370,000 annually from its royalties.

When You Fall Asleep

Different Parts Of The Brain Go To Sleep Separately

When you fall asleep, different parts of the brain go into slumber separately, like the successive winking out of lights in a closing office building.

The discovery, made with electrical tests, was reported in *Science*, the journal of American scientists. It was made by Dr. Halliwell Davis and P. A. Davis, of Harvard, and A. L. Loomis, Dr. E. N. Harvey and G. Hobart, of the Loomis Laboratory, Tuxedo, N.Y.

Electroencephalograms — the currents of a few millionths of a volt that flow from the head — were used to test the oncoming of sleep. Pencil electrodes pasted to the head picked up these currents.

The electrodes showed that some parts of the brain "shut down for the night" ahead of others. The shut-down was apparent by a drop in the amount of electricity coming from that part of the brain. The flow became irregular and intermittent.

These electrical changes showed up at the point where the would-be sleeper felt the sensation of "floating." The electrical brain power, when deep sleep came, were all reduced to a trickle of electricity.

As far back as 3500 B.C., Babylonians had maps which were based on land surveys and which were used for purposes of taxation.

Scorpions are born fully developed but wrapped up in their eggshells. The mother carefully liberates the young from the membrane.

Georgia, in 1770, passed a law making teaching slaves either to read or write an offense punishable by a fine of \$500 for each offense.

Farm Problems

Urges Closer Co-operation Between The Agricultural Economies Of Canada And U.S.

Closer co-operation between the agricultural economies of Canada and the United States to provide a higher standard of living for farmers of both countries was proposed at Toronto by Norman Armour, United States minister to Canada, speaking at the opening dinner of the Royal Winter Fair.

"We devote a good deal of time, both you in Canada and we in the United States, to discussing the competitive features of our countries' activities in the agricultural world," he said.

"Competitive features, it is true, have developed, although I sometimes doubt their fundamental necessity, but I hope you will agree with me in feeling that despite the current emphasis of competition Canada and the United States have a common heritage in the soil as to suggest closer co-operation for a fuller and richer rural life.

"Much has been done already in both countries to lighten the labor of farm work and to end the physical and cultural isolation of the farm family. . . . The current problem for the farmer is not so much one of isolation as it is of fitting the farmer into the commercial structure; of making the farm 'pay' while providing the higher standard of living we have come to regard as essential to a progressive society."

Mr. Armour said it is this farm "business problem" which it is to be hoped the two nations can eventually solve to their common advantage.

"The problem is not necessarily one of large farms or of small farms or of any special commodity or crop commodities. It is as complex as life itself and in fact is the life of millions of our people on both sides of the border."

He said the United States now has the greatest farm population in its history with farm totals increasing 10 per cent. in the past five years. Prior to the depression the average farmer had the land he had but now the tide has turned and never before in the United States has there been such a trend to the land.

ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

TRY THESE TASTY BUT INEXPENSIVE DESSERTS

Ill health is expensive. In many cases it can be avoided by eating good foods. This does not mean that expensive foods are required. Often the cheaper foods are higher in food value than the more expensive ones. Milk is one of the best. Fruits are also valuable and apples are among the most important.

Fruits are much better than medicines in maintaining healthy bodies. They are a good supply of apples stored in the cellar take the place of the medicine cabinet. Apples stimulate the appetite because they require chewing. This increases the flow of the gastric juices. This in turn stimulates the flow of the other digestive juices. To have all the digestive juices flowing freely is the secret of good digestion.

Milk and fruits should be used together. The best dessert after the heavier main course of the dinner, a light dessert completes a meal. The light dessert can be prepared very quickly and are always popular with the family.

Do not try to plan the dessert and would you like to try out these recipes? Try this recipe and write me another new dessert recipe. It will be sent you without any charge and I think your family will like it.

TASTY DESSERT

1 cup flour
2 teaspoons baking powder
1/2 teaspoon salt
1/2 cup sugar
1 egg
1 cup milk
1 1/2 cups sliced apples
Cinnamon
3 tablespoons butter
1/2 cup brown sugar
Mix the flour, baking powder, salt, egg and milk. Beat for two minutes. Pour into a shallow pan. Top with apples and sprinkle with cinnamon. Mix butter and brown sugar and spread on top. Sprinkle with spice. Bake in a moderate oven for 20 minutes. Warm, with plain or whipped cream.

DUTCH APPLE CAKE

2 to 3 apples
1/2 cup egg and milk in the batter
1 tablespoon butter
Cinnamon or nutmeg
2 cups flour
4 teaspoons baking powder
3 tablespoons shortening
1/2 cup milk
Mix and sift the flour, baking powder and salt in the sifter. Add the milk. Roll out the biscuit dough, having it from 1/2 to 3/4 inch thick.
Peel and core the apples. Cut them in thin slices. Press into the dough. Sprinkle with sugar and spice. Roll with butter. Bake.

Readers are invited to write to Alice Stevens' Home Service for free advice on home cooking and planning. Write to: Alice Stevens, c/o Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.



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Making Success Of Farming

Requires Greater Diversity Of Knowledge Than City Work

The idea that "any fool can farm" — successfully — is in some minds, but it is a tragic myth. The man or woman who hopes to make a success of life in the country districts and on the land must have a greater diversity of knowledge than the person who makes a success of his or her affairs in urban communities. Indeed, the person who knows little or nothing about land activities is astonished to discover how resourceful even farm children are and the multitude of things they can do before they are well into their teens.

Certainly, if we are to have an expansion of successful farming in this province, the old idea that "any fool can farm" must be driven from the minds of some in official circles. — Halifax Herald.

Dousing A Poet

Author Of Gray's "Elegy" Had A Nervous Dread Of Fire

A fire, happily not very serious, at Peterhouse, Cambridge, recalls a story of the poet Gray. Like David Copperfield's aunt, the author of the "Elegy" had a nervous dread of fire, and when at Peterhouse, finding his room was on the top floor, he rigged up some iron bars (as it is said) and kept a rope ladder in readiness for emergencies. Discovering this, some of his fellow-colleagues could not let pass such an opportunity for ragging. One night a sudden cry of "Fire!" caused the poet to rise hastily and scramble down his ladder — to land in a large tub of water placed in readiness by practical jokers. After which it was not surprising that Gray migrated to Pembroke. — Manchester Guardian.

These Vegetables Travel

Come Back To Be Sold Where They Were Grown

Writing in the *London Spectator*, Sir William Beech Thomas notes a curious circumstance connected with a "harmless hamlet" with which he is familiar. The hamlet lies on the edge of Bedfordshire.

When the people of the hamlet want vegetables, they go to the greengrocer. The greengrocer gets his supplies from a semi-wholesaler who lives eight miles away and circulates his wares twice a week. The wholesaler, in turn, gets his vegetables from Covent Garden, and Covent Garden gets a good many of them from Bedfordshire, just beyond the doorstep of the "harmless hamlet." — Vancouver Province.

Birds Like Old Houses

Birds do not like new houses. There is something about the gleam of them which frightens the birds. Bird houses, set out in the fall, will become sufficiently weathered by spring to suit the feathered tenants. Wrens are especially fussy about avoiding new houses.

The surface temperature of the sun has been estimated at 6,000 degrees Centigrade.

Gold is alloyed with base metals, but platinum is usually alloyed with a still more precious metal, iridium.

Arctic Patrol

Esquimaux Furnish Much Needed Food To Royal Canadian Mounted

A fortunate meeting with a group of Eskimo who were well supplied with meat saved an Arctic patrol of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police from serious hardship last winter, it was revealed in the annual report of the force.

The patrol, a comparatively routine one, covered more than 1,000 miles, travelling south from Pond Inlet on the northwest corner of Baffin Island to Pangnaitik on the northeast coast of Melville peninsula and back to Pond Inlet by a more westerly route touching Admiralty Bay and Etahliepsoo.

On the first day of the trip deep soft snow made heavy going for the dog teams, and then came storms which held up progress for two days. Dog feed ran low and the tired animals had to be put on short rations.

One dog had to be shot and another carried on a sled. Caribou tracks were noticed but only two animals were seen and the party was unable to bag either. An unsuccessful attempt was made to kill seal for the dogs.

However, after three weeks travelling, when things were looking really black, the patrol reached an Eskimo sealing camp on a small island in Fox basin. Eight Eskimo families were in the camp and they were well supplied with meat so a quantity was purchased for the dogs.

The patrol consisted of Acting Lance Corporal Gray, Special Constable "Koomanapik", and a guide named "Kippomee" with two dog teams. They visited the Eskimo settlements in the district to collect vital statistics and game returns.

Only Recipe For Peace

Loving Your Neighbor As Yourself

Says Sir Evelyn Wrench

The Kellogg-Briand Pact, designed to establish amity among nations, failed because world nations were "further advanced than they actually were," Sir Evelyn Wrench, founder of the English Speaking Union, said in an address at Toronto.

"After 25 years of travelling abroad the world," he told the Ontario Branch of the Union, "I have come to realize that the only way to save humanity is to put into effect the simple doctrine of the Founder of Christianity — love thy neighbor."

"During my travels on this great continent I have often paused to think what a wonderful thing it would be if we were all as kind as those that built the great San Francisco bridges and showed Canada's railways through the Rocky Mountains, to pound out on the anvil some political instrument to join the nations of the world."

Mr. Scheerer (about to sing): "What's your favorite art?" Friend (making for door): "Fresh — and plenty of it."

Old motion pictures are sold for the silver which can be recovered from the emulsion on them.

Coal deposits of Alaska are estimated at about 19,000,000,000 tons.

SHOPRITE STORES

Phone 20 Gleichen, Alta. Phone 20
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Have you Baked Your XMAS. Cake?

Raisins, Seedless, 2lbs	27c
Currents, Cleaned, 2lbs	29c
Bleached Sultana Raisins, 2lbs.	29c
Large Puffed Raisins, 2lbs	29c
Walnuts, Light Amber per lb	29c
Almonds, good light quality	58c
Glaze Cherries, per lb	39c
Glaze Mix Fruits, small cello pkgs, each	10c
Colored Coconut, cellophane pkgs, each	19c
Mixed Peel, 1lb pkg.	25c
Citron, bulk, per lb	29c
Lemon or Orange Peel, per lb	25c



Give some of these Practical GIFTS

How many of the gifts you gave last Christmas are still remembered? You will find that every carefully chosen Electrical Gift you gave, is still reminding you of your thoughtfulness. So this Christmas, make sure that the gifts you give will keep on giving for years — by giving only Modern Electrical Appliances.

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Town & District

The Battery boys turkey shoot Saturday turned out to be a very successful affair. They got rid of all the birds they had to offer.

Hockey practice at the rink is now the popular pastime. Soon there will be hockey games galore. There will probably be a half dozen teams in town this winter.

Keep the date of Dec. 28th open for the Mithunqure—regular Scottish.

"Talks on Timely Topics," a radio presentation of the Young Men's Section of the Calgary Board of Trade will return to the air for the 1937-38 season, Thursday, December 2nd, over radio station CJCJ, commencing at 8 p.m., with a special message to the young men of Alberta. Young men of this community are cordially invited to tune in. The first broadcast will be devoted to an exposition of the relationships between boards of trade, Chamber of Commerce and the interest of the community at large showing how the viewpoint of the younger generation is needed in furthering the interest of the community through such organizations.

COMING EVENTS

Dec. 10—Tombola and Dance by Meadowbrook Social Credit Group at Meadowbrook Hall. Admission 25c.
Dec. 21—United Church Sunday School Xmas. Tree.

(Continued from page one)

THE RAINFALL VARIATIONS IN PRAIRIE PROVINCES

received. Since 1929, rainfall has been inadequate for crop production in almost every year with resulting low yields and soil drifting.

From the foregoing outline of rainfall variations, it is evident that: periodical droughts may be expected in the Canadian prairies, with intervening periods of better rainfall. For this reason, the adoption of all precautionary measures against the drought, even during years of good rainfall should be a fundamental practice of western agriculture.

FROM THE FILES OF GLEICHEN CALL TWENTY YEARS AGO

Tuesday night a Union Government meeting was held in the town hall, being called by Dr. Rose, when 19 of our prominent men were in attendance consisting of a pretty fair division of Liberals and Conservatives. The following officers were elected: President Harry Scott; Vice-President, Dr. Rose; secretary E. D. Hardwick. Executive committee: Messrs. Young, W. H. James, Beach Kidney, Matthews and McLean.

C. J. Suffer of Langdon has received the appointment of local C. P. R. agent and will take charge here shortly.

H. Scott recently sold a horse for which he received \$85 and has given half the amount to the Y.M.C.A. and the other to the Gleichen Red Cross.

At a dance recently given by Mrs. Walsh the sum of \$41.10 was realized which she divided equally between the Red Cross and the Belgian relief funds.

With only three more days to go the people of Gleichen and district have subscribed \$161,650.00 toward Victory Bonds. The objective is a quarter of a million dollars.

The farmers of the Queenstown district are solving the transportation problem wonderfully. When you see six, eight and even ten horse teams moving the grain along slowly but surely you almost imagine it is a freight train. Of course, it is not a train, but we console ourselves somewhat that for the present it is a forerunner of something in that direction. There's a reason. When a farmer can get a grain cheque for anywhere from \$150 to \$500 for a load of grain it is some impetus to keep the old chariot rolling along and helps the breed and better question wonderfully at the present time.

Mrs. Winger will return from Washington to occupy her former position in Matthews & Kidney's store.

J. A. McDonald has received the appointment of C.P.R. agent at Lead-er, Sask.

J. Piquet of St. Paul, Minn., has accepted a position in Ramsay's Busy Store, as successor to Jimmy Stewart, who has left for Queenstown.

Indian boys are like all other boys and girls and get into trouble now and then, but not more than many a white boy. Recently Ramsay's Busy Store had too many attractions and

WINDSOR'S

PRODUCE PACKERS
801 11th Ave West, Calgary
Are Paying the Following Prices for DRESSED TURKEYS

Grade A	Grade B	Grade C
Young Turkeys all weights 18c	16c	12c
Old Hen Turkeys all weights 15c	13c	9c
Old Tom Turkeys all weights 13c	11c	7c

our red boys could not withstand the temptations and getting into the store one night helped themselves to some nice things and a little cash from the till. As a result they appeared before J. L. Lacey and as the court was adjourned for a day one of the boys pulled up the sleeves of his coat took off a pair of leather gauntlets and handing them to his worship said he had stolen them the same night from J. O. Bogstie's garage.

The Cluny Women's Institute held a meeting at the home of Mrs. Duncan Clark, when the following officers were elected: Pres. Mrs. D. Clark; vice-pres. Mrs. Williams; 2nd vice-pres. Miss O. Kirstein; secretary Mrs. Hyde, Directors Mrs. Coghlan, Mrs. Ley and Mrs. F. Clark. Auditors Mrs. Courtney and Mrs. Chase.

CLASSIFIED ADS

Notice under this heading 15 words or under 50c., first insertion and 25c. each subsequent insertion 3 weeks \$1.00. Over 15 words one cent per word for each insertion.

FOR SALE—Fifty Single Comb White Leghorn yearling hens. Thirty five cents each. Goodwin, R205, Gleichen.

"AND SO THEY WERE MARRIED"

MELVYN DOUGLAS, EDITH FELLOWS and JACKIE MORAN

THURSDAY 8.30 P.M.

SATURDAY: Matinee at 3 p.m. and evening shows at 7.30 and 9.15.

GLEICHEN COMMUNITY HALL

The average span of life in America is now 15 years longer than it was in 1870, doing now about 25 years. In the seventh century an average life was only about 25 years, due to the tremendous infant mortality, whilst it was only 35 years a century ago. If the appalling toll of death from accidents and crime could be reduced, several more years might be added to the average lifetime in this generation.

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—In fact anything in the line of printing—

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Gleichen, Alta